The Kings of Israel

Lesson #70



In our last study:

Jotham reigned in Judah (749 BC – 734 BC)

Ahaz reigned in Judah (741 BC – 726 BC)

Ahaz reigns in Judah (741 BC – 726 BC) continued...

In this study: The Fall of Israel

Hoshea reigns in Israel

Assyria resettles Samaria

Ahaz reigns in Judah (continued...)

(741 BC - 726 BC)

2 Chronicles 28:5 (ESV)

5 Therefore the LORD his God gave him into the hand of the king of Syria, who defeated him and took captive a great number of his people and brought them to Damascus. He was also given into the hand of the king of Israel, who struck him with great force.

2 Chronicles 28:8 – 11 (ESV)

8 The men of Israel took captive 200,000 of their relatives, women, sons, and daughters. They also took much spoil from them and brought the spoil to Samaria. 9 But a prophet of the LORD was there, whose name was Oded, and he went out to meet the army that came to Samaria and said to them, "Behold, because the LORD, the God of your fathers, was angry with Judah, he gave them into your hand, but you have killed them in a rage that has reached up to heaven. 10 And now you intend to subjugate the people of Judah and Jerusalem, male and female, as your slaves. Have you not sins of your own against the LORD your God? 11 Now hear me, and send back the captives from your relatives whom you have taken, for the fierce wrath of the LORD is upon you."

2 Chronicles 28:14 – 15 (ESV)

14 So the armed men left the captives and the spoil before the princes and all the assembly. 15 And the men who have been mentioned by name rose and took the captives, and with the spoil they clothed all who were naked among them. They clothed them, gave them sandals, provided them with food and drink, and anointed them, and carrying all the feeble among them on donkeys, they brought them to their kinsfolk at Jericho, the city of palm trees. Then they returned to Samaria.

King Ahaz goes to the King of Assyria for help: 2 Chronicles 28:16 – 17

2 Kings 16:7

2 Kings 16:8 – 9

2 Kings 16:10 – 11

2 Chronicles 28:19 – 21 (ESV)

19 For the LORD humbled Judah because of Ahaz king of Israel, for he had made Judah act sinfully and had been very unfaithful to the LORD. 20 So Tiglath-pileser king of Assyria came against him and afflicted him instead of strengthening him. 21 For Ahaz took a portion from the house of the LORD and the house of the king and of the princes, and gave tribute to the king of Assyria, but it did not help him.

2 Chronicles 28:22 – 25 (ESV)

22 In the time of his distress he became yet more faithless to the LORD—this same King Ahaz. 23 For he sacrificed to the gods of Damascus that had defeated him and said, "Because the gods of the kings of Syria helped them, I will sacrifice to them that they may help me." But they were the ruin of him and of all Israel. 24 And Ahaz gathered together the vessels of the house of God and cut in pieces the vessels of the house of God, and he shut up the doors of the house of the LORD, and he made himself altars in every corner of Jerusalem. 25 In every city of Judah he made high places to make offerings to other gods, provoking to anger the LORD, the God of his fathers.

2 Chronicles 28:26 – 27 (ESV)

26 Now the rest of his acts and all his ways, from first to last, behold, they are written in the Book of the Kings of Judah and Israel. 27 And Ahaz slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city, in Jerusalem, for they did not bring him into the tombs of the kings of Israel. And Hezekiah his son reigned in his place.

Hoshea reigns in Israel (730 BC – 721 BC)

2 Kings 17:1 (ESV)

1 In the twelfth year of Ahaz king of Judah, Hoshea the son of Elah began to reign in Samaria over Israel, and he reigned nine years.

Saul The Genealogy of the Kings of Ancient Israel and Judah David ←----Ish-bosheth Adonijah Solomon Absalom Jeroboam I – Wife Rehoboam -Nadab --- Baasha Abijah Elah ----→ Zimri ----- Omri Asa Jezebel Jehoshaphat Ahab — ▼ Denotes transfer of power Indicates rulers of the united Kingdom of Israel Ahaziah ----- Jehoram Jehoram Athaliah -Indicates rulers of Israel (after the division of the kingdom) Indicates rulers of Judah --- Ahaziah (after the division of the kingdom) → Jehoash Amaziah Jehoahaz Uzziah Jehoash Jotham Ahaz Jeroboam II Hezekiah Manasseh Menahem ←---- Shallum ←---- Zechariah Amon Josiah Hoshea +---- Pekah +---- Pekahiah Jehoiakim +---- Jehoahaz Zedekiah Jehoiachin -



1 SAMUEL 8 - 2 CHRONICLES UNITED KINGDOM







After Solomon's death, his son Rehoboam sparked a revolt that divided the kingdom. In the Northern Kingdom, Jeroboam set up centers of calf worship in Dan and Bethel to discourage people from travelling to Jerusalem to worship. With that as the pattern, there was never a faithful king in the Northern Kingdom, although Jehu did some good things. The Southern Kingdom had a few kings the Lord called good, a few that were a mix of good and bad, and a few bad.

DIVIDED KINGDOM

Kings of Israel

The Northern Kingdom included the tribes of Asher, Dan, Ephraim, Gad, Issachar, Manasseh, Naphtali, Reuben, Simeon, and Zebulun.



















854-843 sc

Jeroboam II 790-749 BC













Kings of Judah

The Southern Kingdom included the tribes of Judah and Benjamin.







































Zedekiah 597-586 sc

Dates of ancient events are approximate. These are taken from Holley's Able Hondbook and additional research.

2 Kings 17:2 (ESV)

2 And he did what was evil in the sight of the LORD, yet not as the kings of Israel who were before him.

2 Kings 17:3 – 5 (ESV)

3 Against him came up Shalmaneser king of Assyria. And Hoshea became his vassal and paid him tribute. 4 But the king of Assyria found treachery in Hoshea, for he had sent messengers to So, king of Egypt, and offered no tribute to the king of Assyria, as he had done year by year. Therefore the king of Assyria shut him up and bound him in prison. 5 Then the king of Assyria invaded all the land and came to Samaria, and for three years he besieged it.



Assyria resettles Samaria

2 Kings 17:24 – 41



